

# The Weekly Democrat.

Published Every Saturday by  
The Democrat Printing Co.  
114 THEMIS STREET.

Entered at the Post Office at Cape Girardeau,  
Mo., as second-class matter.  
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1895.

Applications for the office made vacant by the death of Mont Wade will begin pouring in before the dead man is lowered in the grave.

There is an enormous corn crop this year. Corn makes whisky and whisky makes d-d fools, so there is a chance yet for the Democratic party.

Louisiana sugar planters have decided to appeal to the courts for a decision of the legal point raised by Comptroller of the Treasury Bowler against the payment of the sugar bounty. Of course, Bowler raised the point in order to keep the deficit as small as possible during the campaign. After the election is over, Bowler will be called down by his superiors.

The late Jay Gould on a certain occasion in speaking of Hon. Louis Houck is said to have made this statement: "He may not be much of a railroad man, but I'll be d-d if he isn't the best lawyer in the world." Maybe the legal guardians of the Gould System, by reason of a recent experience will acquiesce in the wizard's statement.—Iron County Register.

Turkey seems to be adopting a policy of bravado. Another horrible butchery of Armenians is reported, with its inevitable concomitants of nameless atrocities on women and children, and destruction of property. How long will it be that the Christian nations of Europe, who alone are responsible for the existence of the Turkish Empire, will permit this state of things to endure?

Two brothers kept a saloon in a Texas town. One of them went to market to lay in a stock of liquors. When he left his home a revival was in full blast in the town and he had hardly reached his destination when he received the following telegram: "Bill, buy no liquor. Will join church to-morrow night. Business is taking us to hell.—Jim." That night Bill went to hear Chas. R. G. Ingels lecture. As soon as he got back to his hotel he sent off a message as follows: "Jim—hold off till I come. Have got it from a prominent citizen of this place that hell is closed up. Bill"—Jim.

One of the naval veterans told a good anecdote at the Louisville encampment which happened on one of Farragut's gunboats on the Mississippi. The vessel was just going into action and one of the powder monkeys was noticed by an officer kneeling by one of the guns saying his prayers. The officer sneeringly asked him what he was doing and if he was afraid. "No! I was praying," said he. "Well, what was you praying for?" "Praying," said the little lad, "that the enemy's bullets may be distributed the same way the prize money is—principally among the officers."

The Dunklin County Democrat objects to us saying anything good about Hon. Marshall Arnold. That's all right. We do not object to Bro. Caruthers expressing his opinion and we will not ask him for permission to say what we please about men or measures. We know the Hon. Marshall Arnold. We know too that he is the peer of any Democrat that ever went to Congress from this District. We are not running Mr. Arnold for Congress. He does not belong to our party. He is a Democrat, but he is a gentleman, and so far as ability and statesmanship goes there is no Democrat in the Fourteenth Congressional District who can turn him down.

It was charged by the free trade press a few years ago that the duties imposed upon the woollens by the McKinley law would increase the importations of shoddy and its use in the manufacture of clothing, notwithstanding the fact that the law imposed a practically prohibitive duty on such stuff. They howled loud and long about the poor man being compelled to wear clothing made of shoddy although there was not the slightest danger of anything of the kind. But, how has it been since the law passed by the Democratic Congress—the Wilson-Gorman bill—went into operation? We are informed that during the twelve months ending Aug. 31, 1895, there were imported into this country 17,096,563 pounds of shoddy while under the last year of the McKinley law only 201,404 pounds were imported. From this it will be seen which party encourages the importation and use of shoddy. The Wilson-Gorman, "perfidious and dishonest" law is a shoddy measure and was made a law by men who have no love for American workingmen and American industries.—Boonville Republican.

So far there are four candidates out for the Republican nomination for collector of this county.

The editor of the Jackson Volksfreund who, by the grace of the Republican party of Cape Girardeau county and by the kindness of the voters of Cape Girardeau city is holding a good fat office, wants the editor of the DEMOCRAT to pay over some money to the County Court. Now we will inform the old man whose pretended stock in trade is religion, that the editor of the DEMOCRAT does not owe the County Court of Cape Girardeau county one cent. We charge legal rates for legal advertisements published in the DEMOCRAT. The DEMOCRAT is a newspaper published in the English language. A proof of publication made of a legal advertisement published in the columns of the DEMOCRAT goes in any court in the land. Not so with the Volksfreund. It publishes legal advertisements that are not legal and when the old religious crank makes affidavit to them he swears to something he knows to be false. Come, old fellow, pay back the money you have been robbing the widows and orphans of this county of for the last eight or ten years and then if the County Court says the editor of the DEMOCRAT owes Cape Girardeau county any money the wicked editor will turn over. We are not a hypocrite. What we are we are. We do not go around as does the editor of the Volksfreund, with a hymn book in one hand and a stick up the sleeve from the other hand. We don't pray in public and damn God and his creatures behind the door. The editor of the DEMOCRAT is a man of the world. But he is no sneak.

## Republican Policy in Congress.

There is more or less speculation in political circles as to what policy the Republicans in Congress will adopt for the coming session. Some are of the opinion that they will undertake to secure control of the Senate by some sort of an alliance, with a view to legislating upon certain subjects in a definite and responsible way, while others feel confident that no attempt of that kind will be made, but that great care will be taken to avoid positive action in any important respect. It is likely that the latter view will prove to be the correct one. There is nothing for the Republicans to gain by getting control of the Senate so long as there is a Democratic President, particularly when such a result involves the necessity of a trade with another party. They can defeat Democratic projects of all kinds with their majority in the House, and still not have to assume any responsibility for legislation. It would not be in their power even if they had the Senate to pass laws conforming to the principles and purposes of their party, because the veto of the President would prevent anything of that kind; and there is certainly no reason why they should put themselves in the way of sharing with the Democrats the blame for lack of necessary and proper legislation.

The judicious policy for the Republicans in this relation is clearly that of letting the Democrats do the working. In other words, there is no obligation resting upon the majority in the House to undertake the correction of the mistakes of the present Administration, except to the extent that such action may be necessary to protect the public credit or to prevent a national scandal. If the Democratic President should recommend legislation that seems reasonable from a Republican point of view, he should receive Republican support, of course, in so far as such support can be given without benefiting the Democratic party. But the Republicans are not bound, legally or morally, to do anything that can tend to lessen popular disgust with regard to Democratic rule. They not only have the right, but it is their duty, to so order their course as to best promote the interests of their party in next year's campaign.

It is not for them to trouble themselves about the neglected duties of their adversaries. They are expected to resist and defeat all attempts to make further application of Democratic doctrines and methods to the business of the country; and beyond that that there is nothing required of them. The occasion does not call for any affirmative or constructive service on their part, and the true policy for them to pursue is that of simply acting as a safe guard against Democratic folly and wickedness.—Globe-Democrat.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at Blomeyer & Haman.

## Election Notice.

On the 2nd day of December, 1895, the first Monday of the month, an election will be had to elect nine Directors of the Cape Girardeau Building and Loan Association, at the Secretary's office during the hours from 7:30 to 9 o'clock p. m.

HENRY A. AETHEL, Secretary.

## Grover's Return.

President Cleveland has returned to Washington. He has been at Buzard's Bay for four months, going there on June 17. We are reminded, in this connection, that his absence from the capital has not been made the subject of serious political attacks by the Republican newspapers. Their course in this is in striking contrast to the mud slinging in which the Democratic press indulged for years whenever a Republican President took an outing.

When President Grant went for a couple of weeks to Long Branch, the country rang with vicious comment. It was asserted that the President was neglecting his official duties, and the question was raised whether he could lawfully transact any official business anywhere but in Washington. It was even proposed to bring the point before Congress.

Whenever President Arthur went on a fishing excursion for a few days, the Democratic papers pursued the same tactics. And when he took a trip to Yellowstone Park, they were filled each day with sneering attacks on his "going junketing" to the neglect of the nation's business.

But Cleveland goes away for a four months' stay, and the same papers say never a word. Political necessity stops there, of course. The Republican papers recognize that a President needs rest and relaxation, and are not disposed to cavil at him for taking a proper amount, no matter what his politics may be.

All this is an illustration of a radical difference between Republican and Democratic political methods. The latter party always appeals to prejudice and ignorance. The former appeals to the common sense and honest judgment of the people. Toledo Blade.

## Business and Finance.

The mercantile reviews for last week report that retail trade generally has been helped of late by the cool weather and that with increased consumption by the millions the way for better business will be clear. Lower prices in iron have brought out some important contracts, and the adjustment of prices generally to real instead of imaginary conditions is progressing rapidly.

The speculative boom in cotton broke, and almost a panic ensued. The price fell sharply, a partial recovery followed, but the price is still unsettled. The rate of foreign exchange followed practically the same course. There was a sharp fall in rates, then a rise, and it reached very nearly the gold exporting point, and then fell slightly. The heavy break in the price of cotton disturbed the market for cotton goods, and the decline in leather did the same in the market for hides and leather goods. These declines will ultimately do good, as fictitious values are a detriment to legitimate business. Our agricultural prosperity will have a powerful effect in keeping business in a healthy condition. While the drought is injuring winter wheat in some sections, it must not be forgotten there is an oversupply of spring wheat, and a shortage in the coming crop will be a good thing in one way—it will tend to raise the price of the grain yet in farmers' hands.

New York sent only three-quarters of a million dollars to the West and South last week, but the next few weeks will certainly make a better showing. The cotton crop is very late, and the movement has not attained anything like full proportions. More money will be needed in the West, too, for the movement of wheat and corn is already brisk, there is an enormous volume yet to find a market.

Money of course was plenty in New York, and call loans remained at 2 per cent. Time money weakened during the latter part of the week, in consequence of the few offerings, especially by the foreign element in the market. Demand did not increase in any appreciable degree, and nearly all borrowers were willing to trust the call market for the supply of their needs. Rates 2 percent, for thirty days, 2 1/2 for sixty to ninety days, 3 for four to six months.

The stock market was dull in New York, as dealings were retarded by the absence of any European demand. London and Paris are still wildly speculating in "Kaffirs," and in order to get money to deal in the South African shares they are selling their holdings of American securities. This is reflected on Wall street in a declining tendency and sluggish market.

There was a sudden advance in the market for silver bullion early last week, said to be due to buying in London for the Indian market, followed by a decline, which brought prices on Saturday, at the close, in New York to 67 7/8-68 3/4 cents per ounce for commercial bars, and 69-69 1/2 cents for government assay bars.—Toledo Blade.

## How Unpleasant

It is to see a beautiful child's face disfigured with vile humors, bursting through the skin in pimples, blotches, and sores, and sadder still, when the young and innocent are laughed at and twitted in all such cases. Parents should give them that good and pure remedy, Sulphur Bitters, which will search and drive out of the blood every particle of humor.—Health Gazette.

## Ordinance No. 563.

An ordinance providing for the grading and graveling of Frederick street between Good Hope street and Jefferson avenue in the city of Cape Girardeau, Mo. Whereas, The Council of the city of Cape Girardeau, Mo., on the 6th day of May, 1895, in regular session, declared by resolution that it was necessary to grade and gravel Frederick street between Good Hope street and Jefferson avenue in said city; and whereas, said resolution was published in the DEMOCRAT, a newspaper doing the city printing, for two consecutive weeks; and no remonstrance having been filed with the city clerk by the resident owners of the property liable to taxation within ten days after the publication thereof, therefore,

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of Cape Girardeau, as follows:

Section One (1.) That portion of Frederick street between Good Hope street and Jefferson avenue is hereby required to be graded according to the established grade thereof; and when thus brought to grade and the roadbed shall be thoroughly settled, the same to be determined by the Street and Wharf Committee. Said street shall be graded eighteen (18) feet in width and the depth hereinafter set out to-wit: The gravel shall be four (4) inches deep at the outside lines of gravel, and gradually increase in depth to the center of the roadbed or street where it shall be ten (10) inches in depth; said roadbed shall be twenty (20) feet wide. The gravel to be used shall be of good quality, subject to the approval of the Street Commissioner.

Section Two (2.) The City Engineer is hereby required to make estimates of the cost of the work herein and file the same with the city clerk; and if the same shall be approved by the Council, the city clerk shall thereupon advertise for proposals for grading and graveling said portion of said Frederick street in the manner and with the material now provided by this and existing ordinances. Said advertisement shall be in the usual form, the last insertion to be at least ten (10) days before the time advertised for receiving said bids. If any bid shall be accepted, the city shall enter into contract with the successful bidder for said work, subject to all the conditions, limitations, stipulations and bond now required by this and existing ordinances; and if no bids are accepted, the City Council may, by resolution, instruct the city clerk to readvertise. If said work be constructed by contract, or otherwise, the cost of the gravel shall be apportioned, assessed, taxed and collected as is now provided by existing ordinances; and the duties of the City Clerk, City Engineer and Street Commissioner, in relation thereto, shall be in conformity therewith.

Section Three (3.) This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed by the Council October 7th, 1895.

WILLIAM H. CORVEY,  
President of the Council.

Approved this October 9th, 1895.

WILLIAM H. CORVEY, Mayor.

Attest: GEO. E. CHAPPELL, City Clerk.

## Proposals for Gravel.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned for the City Council of the city of Cape Girardeau, Mo., for graveling Middle street from Themis street to Broadway street. Said gravel to be subject to the approval of the Street Commissioner and delivered on said Middle street, between the streets named, in accordance with the specifications for the improvement of said Middle street, on file in this office.

Bidders for the above work will be required to submit with their proposals a certified check payable to the city of Cape Girardeau in an amount equal to ten per cent of the amount bid; said check to become the property of said city in the event that the party to whom is awarded the contract for said work, fails or refuses within the space of ten days thereafter to file a bond with the city clerk, with two or more good and sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of their contract.

Each proposal must be securely sealed, endorsed "City Work" and addressed to the "President of the Council."

Bids will be received at my office in the court house in said city up to Monday evening, Nov. 4th, 1895, at 7 o'clock, and will be opened by the President of the Council at a regular meeting of the City Council to be held at said time. The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

GEO. E. CHAPPELL, City Clerk.

October 15, 1895.

## CITY WORK.

### Grading.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned for the City Council of the city of Cape Girardeau for grading that part of Frederick street between Good Hope street and Jefferson avenue, in accordance with the specifications for said work on file in my office, and the ordinance authorizing the improvement of said street between the streets named. Each bidder will be required to comply with the requirements and stipulations, including deposit of certified check for an amount equal to ten per cent of the amount bid, as provided in the general ordinance referring to construction of streets and contract work. All bids must be securely sealed, endorsed "City Work" and addressed to the "President of the Council," and will be received at my office up to 7 o'clock Monday evening, November 4th, 1895. Said bids will be opened by the President of the Council at a meeting thereof to be held on said date. Specifications and all other information regarding said work will be furnished at my office, or by the chairman of the Street and Wharf Committee. The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

GEO. E. CHAPPELL, City Clerk.

October 5th, 1895.

## Rev. C. F. Brooks

says that his little girl is troubled with malaria very severely, and that since he gave her Sulphur Bitters, he never thinks of leaving New York for his summer resort without a few bottles, for they always cure his family, and are far superior to quinine.

## Proposals for Gravel.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned for the City Council of the city of Cape Girardeau, Missouri, for graveling Frederick street from Broadway street to North street. Said gravel to be subject to the approval of the Street Commissioner and delivered on said Frederick street, between the streets named, in accordance with the specifications for the improvement of said Frederick street, on file in this office.

Bidders for the above work will be required to submit with their proposals a certified check payable to the city of Cape Girardeau, in an amount equal to ten per cent of the amount bid; said check to become the property of said city, in the event that the party to whom is awarded the contract for said work, fails or refuses within the space of ten days thereafter, to file a bond with the city clerk, with two or more good and sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of their contract.

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GEO. E. CHAPPELL, City Clerk.

October 15th, 1895.

## Sale of Railroad Freight.

Notice is hereby given that the following freight, to-wit: One steam "Merry-go-round," transported by the Chicago & Texas R. R. Co., to Cape Girardeau, Mo., in October, 1894, consigned to Charles Adams, Cape Girardeau, Mo., not having been called for and the charges thereon not having been paid, will be sold at public sale to the highest bidder for cash at the depot of said Railroad Company in Cape Girardeau, Mo., Friday, the 8th day of November, 1895, between 9 a. m. and 1 p. m., for the purpose of paying said railroad charges and expenses of sale.

CHICAGO & TEXAS R. R. CO.

October 28th, 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of Caroline Steinhilber, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Cape Girardeau county, hearing date the 24th day of September, 1895. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to the undersigned for allowance, within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be provided from any benefit of such estate; and if said claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of the publication of this notice, they will be forever barred.

AUGUST KEMPER, Administrator.

## FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby

given to all creditors and others interested that the undersigned public administrator and as such having charge of the partnership estate of "The H. C. Thompson Manufacturing Company," intends to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of Cape Girardeau county, Missouri, to be held at the court house in the city of Jackson, Mo., on Monday, November 11th, 1895.

HENRY W. HAHIS, Public Administrator.

## FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby

given to all creditors and others that the undersigned public administrator and as such having charge of the estate of Thomas Robbins, deceased, intends to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of Cape Girardeau county, Missouri, to be held at the court house in the city of Jackson, Mo., on Monday, November 11th, 1895.

HENRY W. HAHIS, Public Administrator.

## Guardian's Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court, held in and for the county of Cape Girardeau and State of Missouri, made at the May Term, 1895, of said court and renewed at its August term, 1895, thereof, in the matter of the estates of Henry and Augusta Gross, minors, I, the undersigned testamentary Guardian of said minors will, pursuant to said order, on Tuesday, the Twelfth Day of November next, A. D. 1895, at the south door of the court house in the city of Jackson, in said county, and during the session of said Probate Court, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, expose at public vendue, or outcry, to the highest and best bidder, on the following terms, to-wit: Twenty-five per cent of the purchase money to be paid cash down on day of sale, and the remainder on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser or purchasers thereof to give bond with approved security for the residue, all the right, title, claim and interest which said minors have in and to the following described real estate situated in the County of Cape Girardeau and State of Missouri, to-wit: The undivided one-third interest in lot number two (2), block number (1) of Claus Kerstner's addition to the town of Gordonville. Said lot having a front of seventy (70) feet, and containing one-third of an acre.

WILLIAM G. SANDER, Testamentary Guardian of the estate of Henry and Augusta Gross, minors. Oct 25

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"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for forty years, and regard them as the very best."—Uncle MARTIN HANCOCK, Lake City, Fla.

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## F. W. VOGT,

—DEALER IN—

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Prepared by J. H. Kendall, Jr., 100 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.